

Informing Response: Kentucky's Drug Overdose Trends Update

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Faculty Disclosure

The presenter declares no conflicts of interest or financial relationships with any commercial entities that could be perceived as influencing the content of the presentation.





Learning Objectives

- ldentify the burden of drug overdose morbidity and mortality in Kentucky using the most recent available data.
- Obscribe the impact of drug overdose on high-risk populations.
- Discuss how data product insights can support harm reduction strategies, including targeted interventions and enhanced stakeholder collaboration.



Expected Outcomes

- Deeper Insight into Kentucky's
 Overdose Burden: Understand
 how overdose trends vary by
 population, substance, and region.
- Improved Understanding of Data Methodology: Learn how KIPRC uses data sources and analysis to develop key overdose data tools.
- Informed, Data-Driven Decision-Making: Gain insights to support targeted, evidence-based harm reduction efforts.





Introduction to Drug Overdose Trends in Kentucky

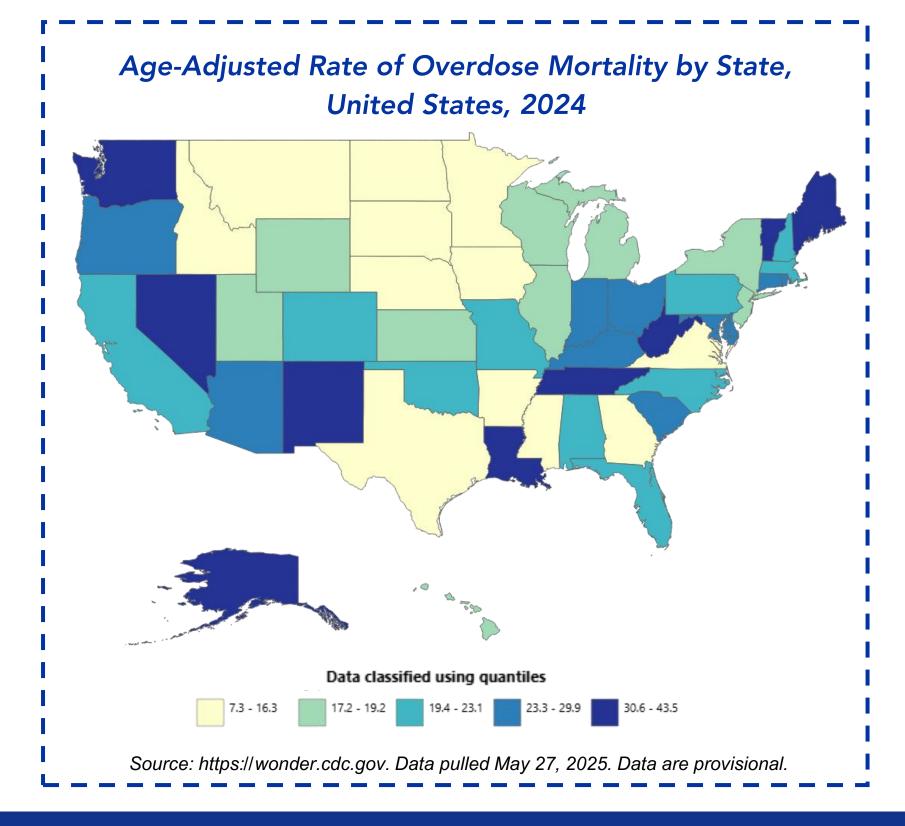
- Kentucky is ranked 11th in the nation for fatal overdose rates in 2024, with an age-adjusted rate of 29.9 per 100,000 persons (CDC, 2025) [*Provisional*].
- KIPRC plays a pivotal role in combatting drug-related health issues across the state and spearheading efforts in data collection, analysis, and dissemination







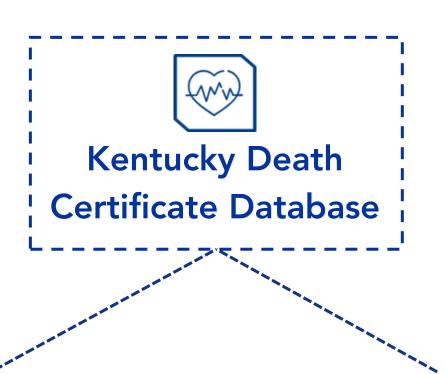


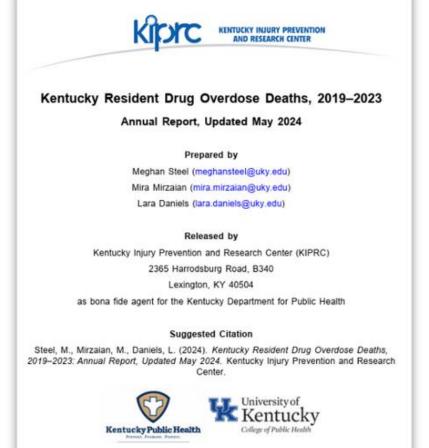


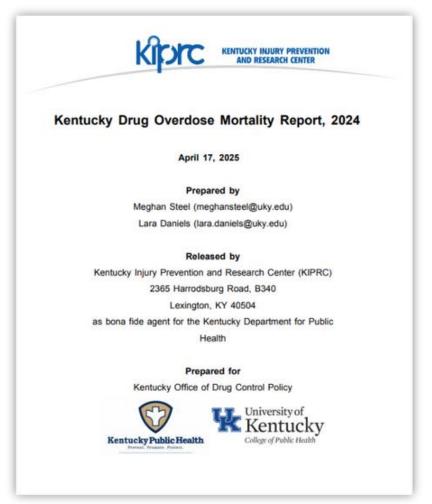




Kentucky Drug Overdose Deaths





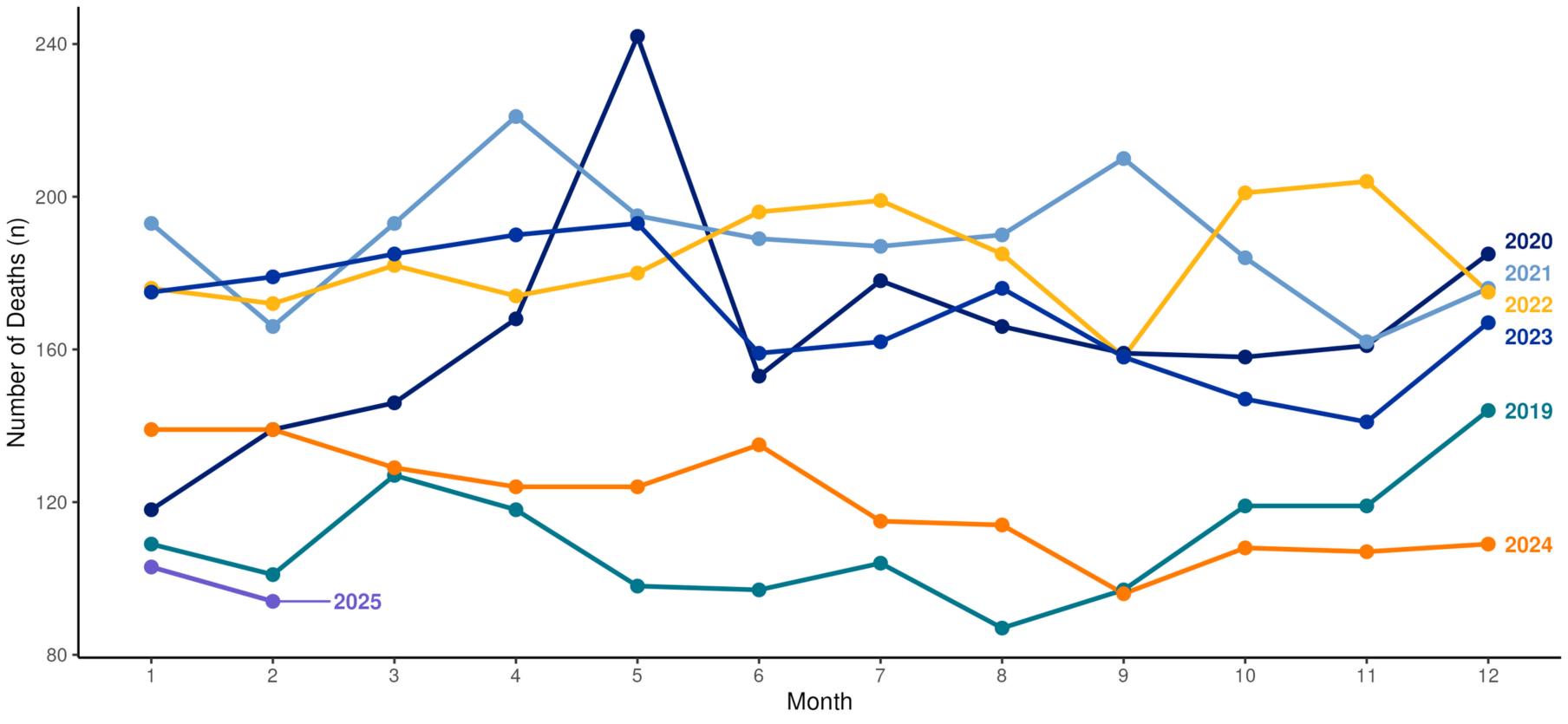




SCAN HERE for Kentucky
Overdose Surveillance
Linktree

- In 2024, **1,410** Kentucky residents died from a drug overdose, a decrease of **30.2%** from 2023, a rate of **32.0** deaths per 100,000 residents.
- Fentanyl was the drug most commonly identified through post-mortem toxicology, representing
 62.3% of total drug overdoses, a decrease of 39.4% from 2023.
- Methamphetamine was identified in **50.8%** of total deaths, a decrease of **28.9%** from 2023.

Kentucky Resident Drug Overdose Deaths by Month and Year, 2020–February 2025



Data for January, February, and March 2025 are known to be incomplete.

Produced by the Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center, as bona fide agent for the Kentucky Department for Public Health.

Drug overdose deaths include events with an underlying cause of death code of X40–X44, X60–X64, X85, or Y10–Y14.

Data source: Kentucky Death Certificate Database, Kentucky Office of Vital Statistics, Cabinet for Health and Family Services.

Data extracted May 2025. Data are provisional and subject to change.

Kentucky Drug Overdose Deaths



Age-Adjusted Rate for Kentucky Resident Drug Overdose Deaths by Race, 2022 – 2024

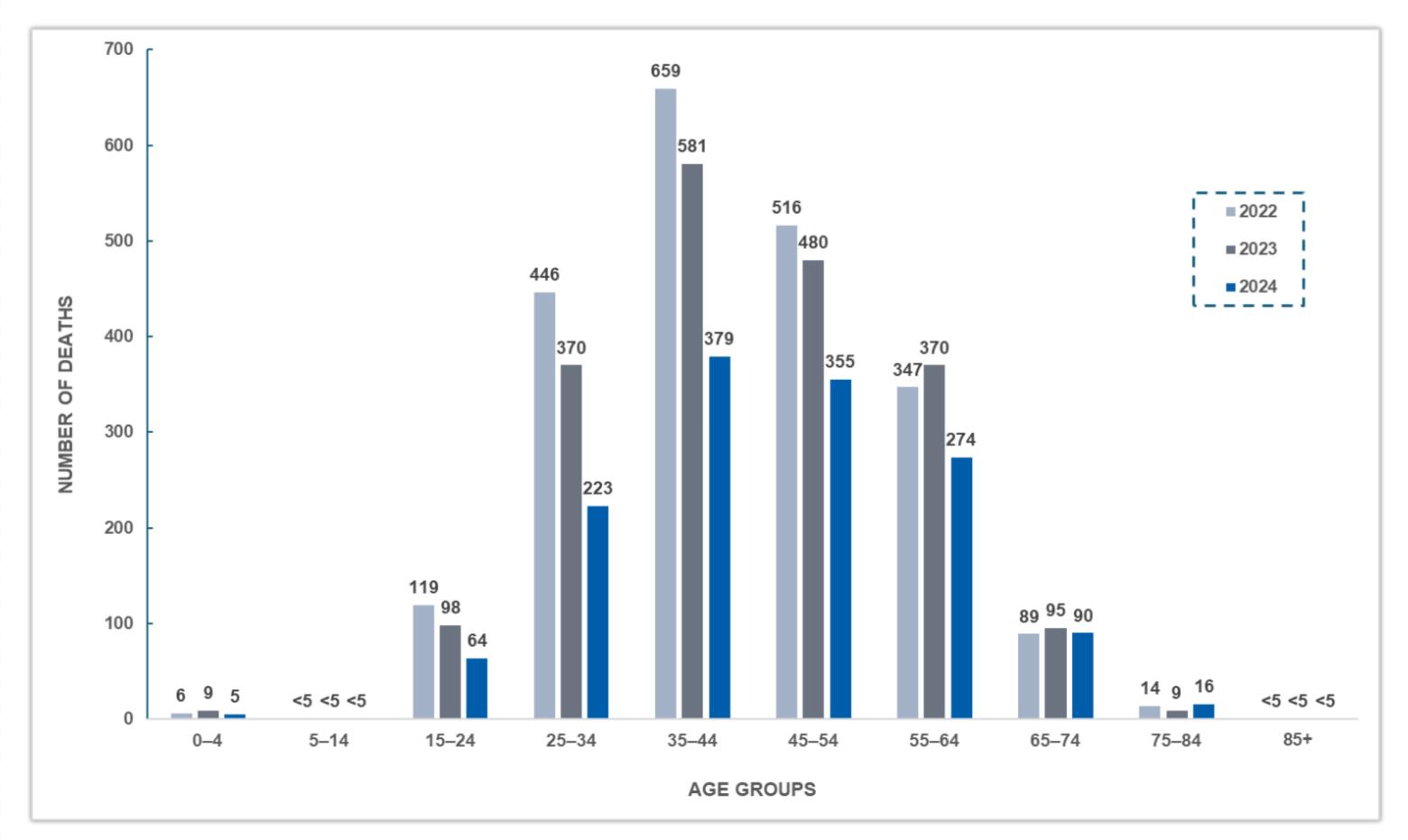
Race	2022	2023	2024
Black	67.5	69.2	43.3
White	51.3	45.7	31.6
Other	20.2	16.7	12.2

Rates are presented as the number of drug overdose deaths per 100,000 population. Data are provisional and subject to change. Produced by the Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center, as bona fide agent for the Kentucky Department for Public Health. April 2025. Data source: Kentucky Death Certificate Database, Kentucky Office of Vital Statistics, Cabinet for Health and Family Services.





Counts of Kentucky Resident Drug Overdose Deaths by Age Group, 2022–2024

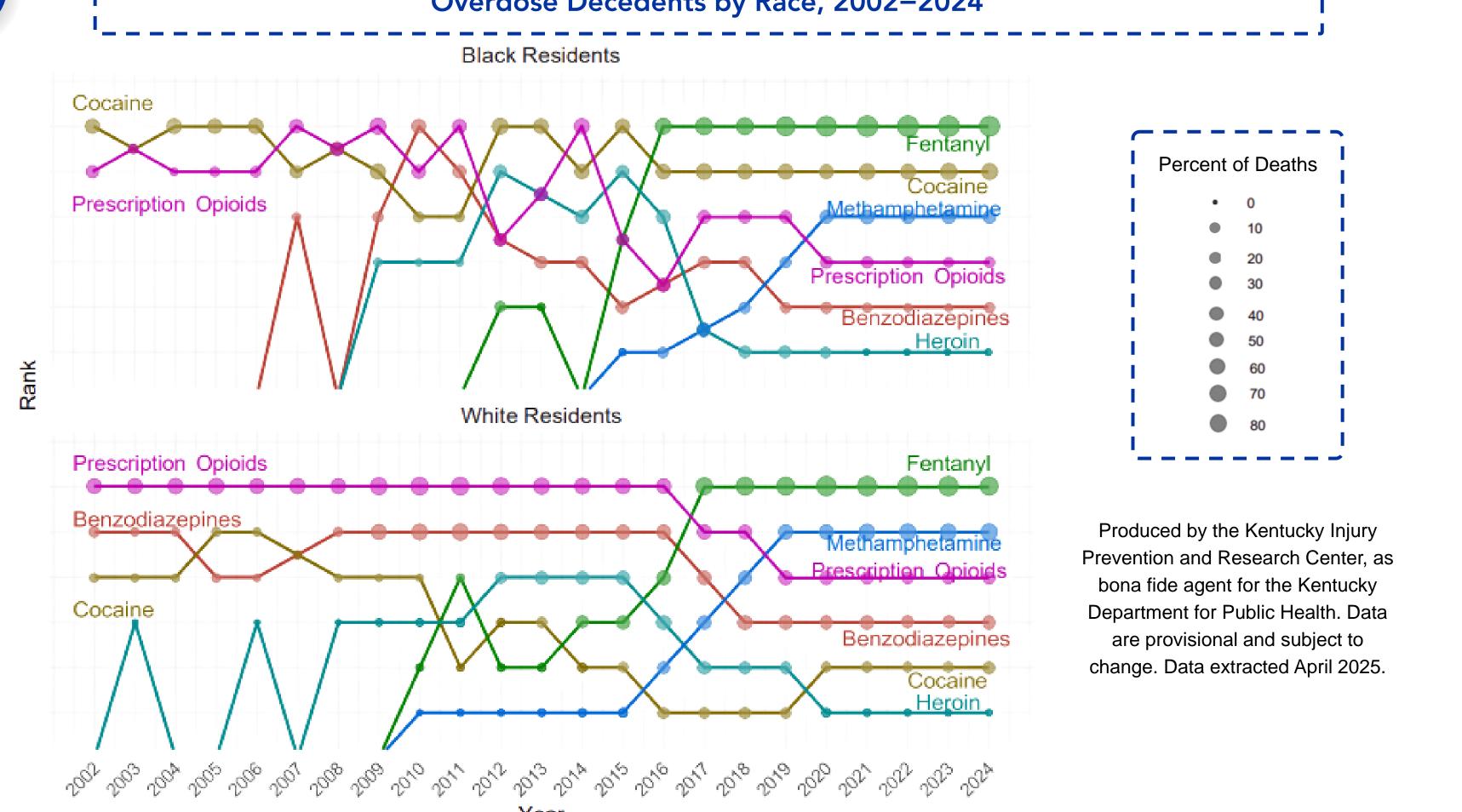


Counts greater than zero but
less than five were suppressed
in accordance with state data
release policy. Data are
provisional and subject to
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April 2025. Data source:
Kentucky Death Certificate
Database. Kentucky Office of
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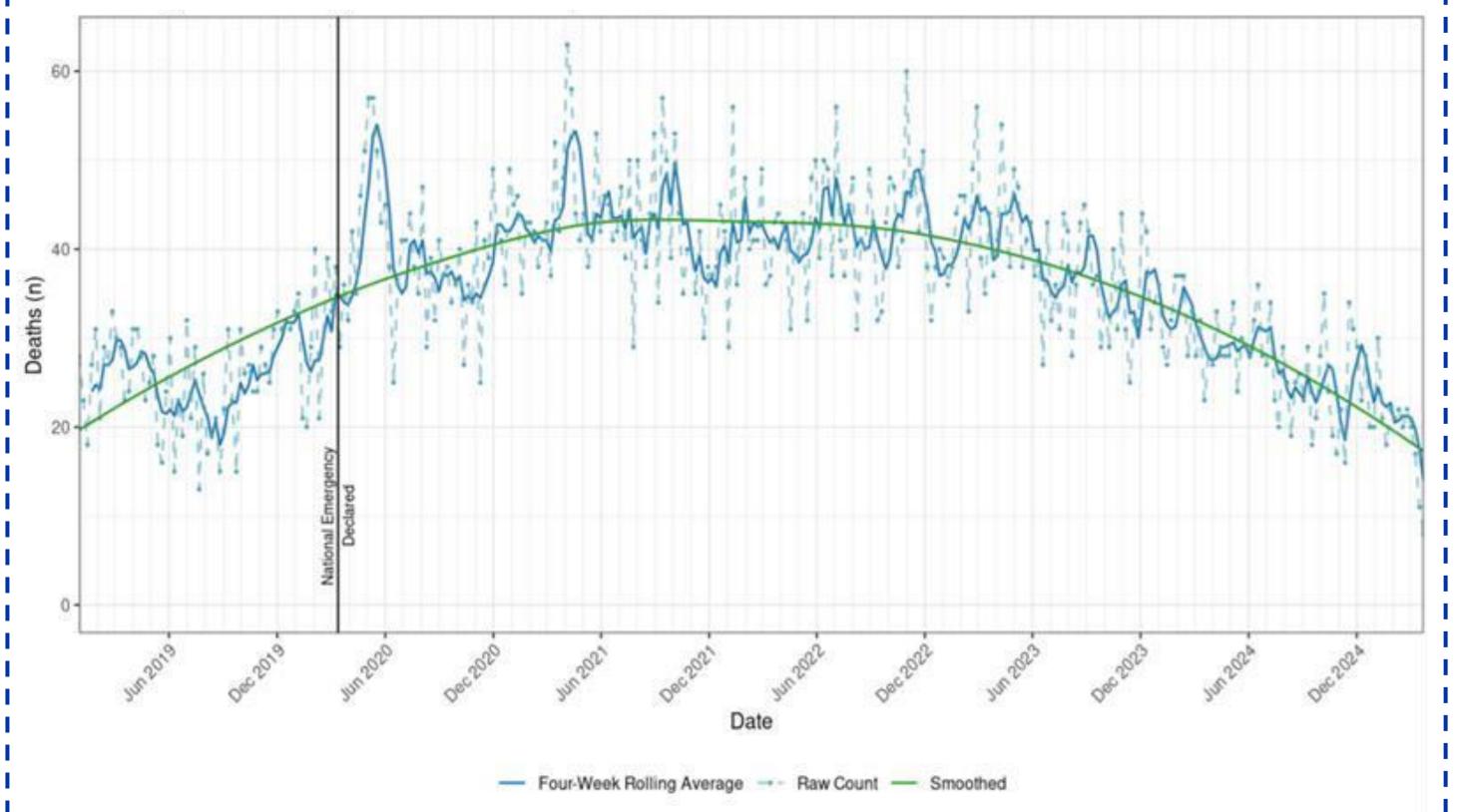


Top Drugs Identified by ICD-10 Code on the Death Certificates of Kentucky Resident Drug Overdose Decedents by Race, 2002-2024





Kentucky Resident Drug Overdose Deaths by Week, 2019 to March 2025



The solid blue line represents the 4-week rolling average drug overdose death count.

Points and dashed lines represent raw counts.

The solid green line represents loess smoothing applied to the raw death counts.

Produced by the Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center, as bona fide agent for the Kentucky Department for Public Health.

Drug overdose deaths include events with an underlying cause of death code of X40–X44, X60–X64, X85, or Y10–Y14. Data source: Kentucky Death Certificate Database, Kentucky Office of Vital Statistics, Cabinet for Health and Family Services. Data extracted May

This project is supported by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) as part of cooperative agreement 1 NU17CE010186 totaling \$10,814,838 with 0% financed with nongovernmental sources. The contents are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily represent the official views of, nor an endorsement by, CDC, HHS, or the U.S. government. For more information, please visit CDC.gov.

Kentucky Drug Overdose Deaths



Kentucky Counties with the Highest Rates of Drug Overdose Deaths among Residents in 2024

	Kentucky County	Rate of Drug Overdose Deaths per 100,000 Residents	Count of Drug Overdose Deaths
1	Lee	156.0	12
2	Knott	134.6	18
3	Breathitt	129.6	16
4	Powell	109.8	12
5	Estill	85.4	11

Counties with rates based on counts less than 10 have been excluded from this list. Data are provisional and subject to change. Produced by the Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center, as bona fide agent for the Kentucky Department for Public Health. April 2025. Data source: Kentucky Death Certificate Database, Kentucky Office of Vital Statistics, Cabinet for Health and Family Services.

Kentucky Counties Where the Highest Counts of Drug Overdose Deaths Involving Fentanyl Occurred, as Identified through Toxicology in 2024

	Kentucky County	Drug Overdose Deaths Involving Fentanyl
1	Jefferson	292
2	Fayette	86
3	Kenton	32
4	Madison	24
5	Boyd	24

Counts are based on where the death occurred and not on the person's residence; thus, counts could include residents of other counties and/or states. Data are provisional and subject to change. Produced by the Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center, as bona fide agent for the Kentucky Department for Public Health. April 2025. Data source: Drug Overdose Fatality Surveillance System (DOFSS).





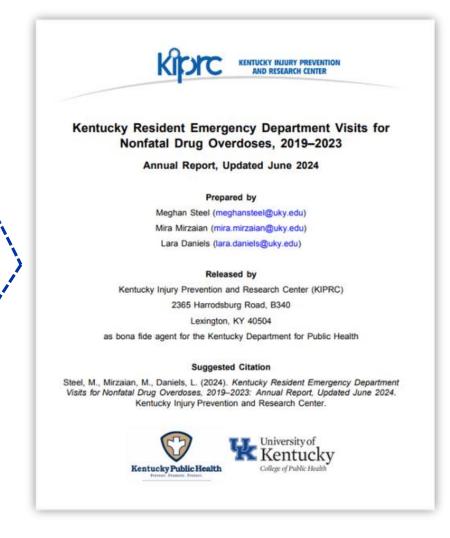
Kentucky Nonfatal Drug Overdose



Kentucky Outpatient
Services Database

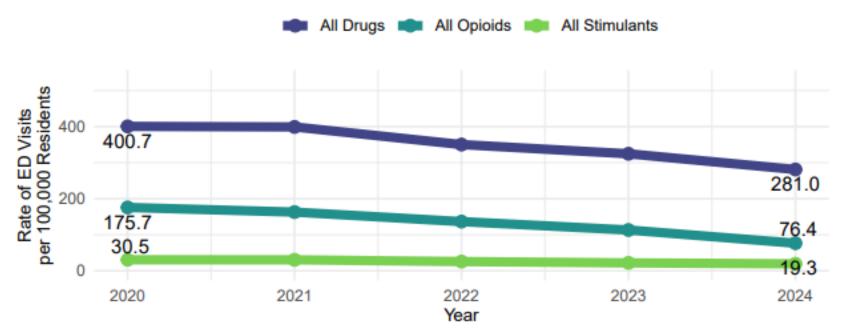


Kentucky Inpatient
Hospitalization
Claims Files



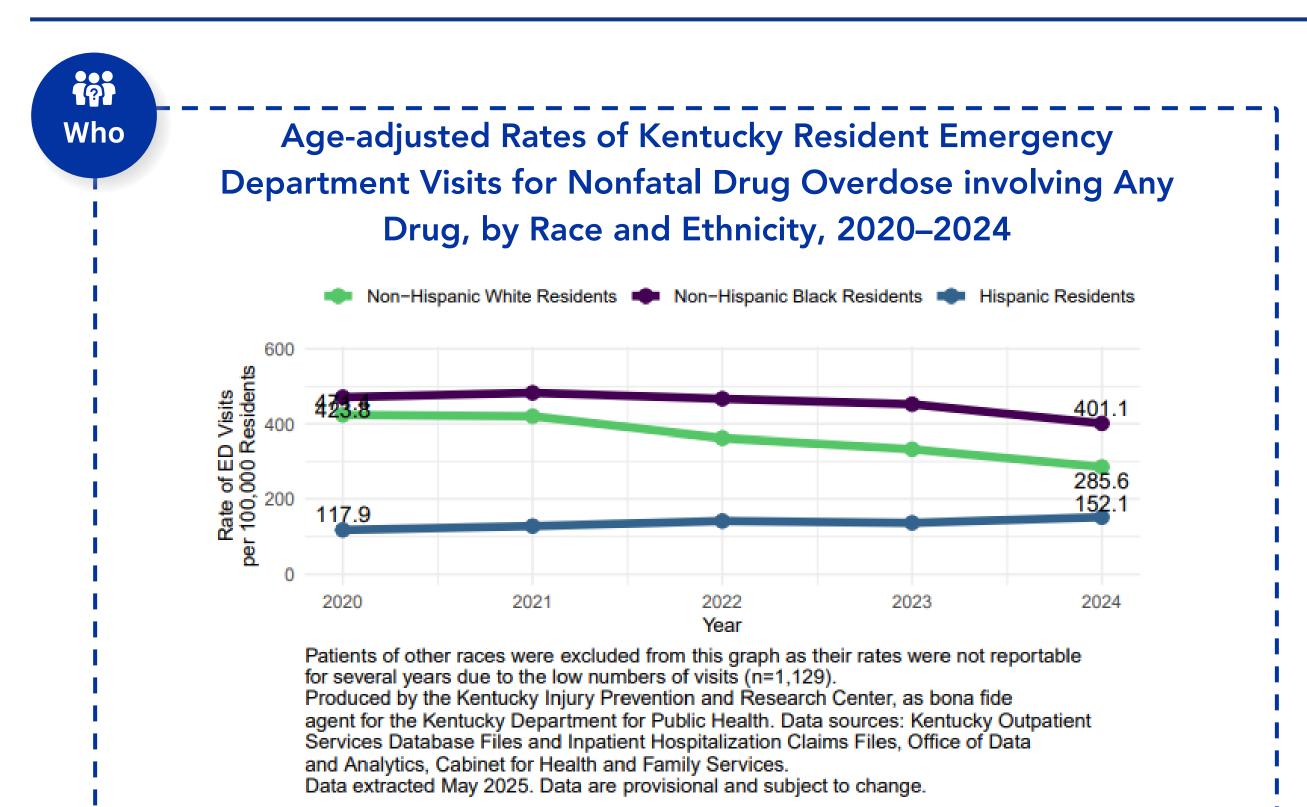
• In 2024, **12,207** Kentucky residents visited the emergency department for a nonfatal drug overdose, a decrease of **12.8%** from 2023.

Age-adjusted Rates of Emergency Department Visits for Nonfatal Drug Overdose among Kentucky Residents, 2019–2024



Produced by the Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center, as bona fide agent for the Kentucky Department for Public Health. Data sources: Kentucky Outpatient Services Database Files and Inpatient Hospitalization Claims Files, Office of Data and Analytics, Cabinet for Health and Family Services. Data extracted May 2025. Data are provisional and subject to change.

Kentucky Nonfatal Drug Overdose

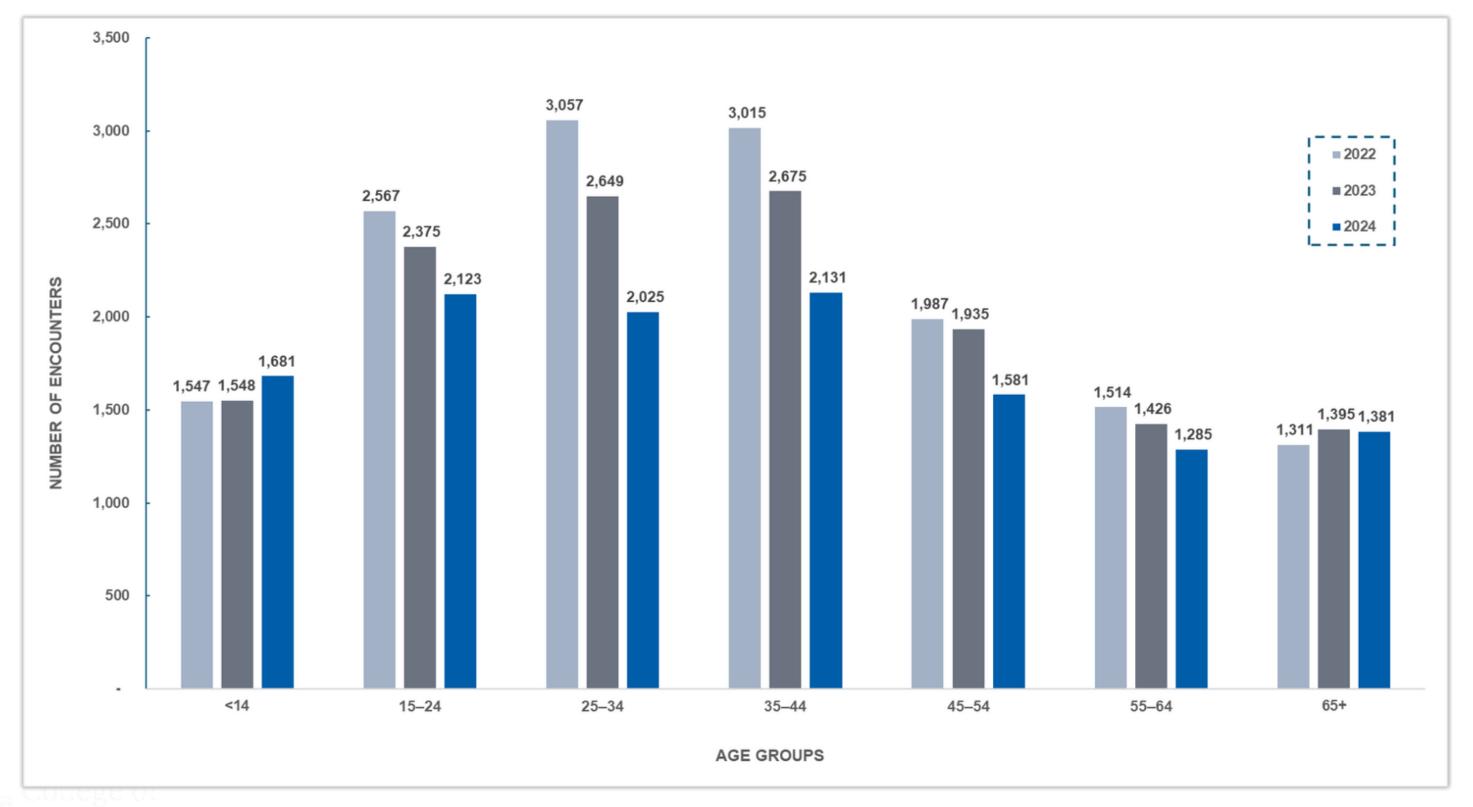








Counts of Kentucky Resident Emergency Department Visits for Nonfatal Drug Overdose, by Age Group, 2020–2024



Produced by the Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center, as bona fide agent for the Kentucky Department for Public Health. Data sources: Kentucky Outpatient Services Database Files and Inpatient Hospitalization Claims Files, Office of Data and Analytics, Cabinet for Health and Family Services. Data extracted May 2025. Data are provisional and subject to change.

Kentucky Nonfatal Drug Overdose



Counts of Kentucky Resident Emergency Department Visits for Nonfatal Drug Overdose, by Drug Type, 2020–2024

Drug Type	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Heroin	4,097	3,078	1,914	1,315	686
Prescription Opioids	1,416	1,511	1,614	1,449	1,153
Synthetic Opioids	704	771	704	916	741
Fentanyl ¹	NA	558	554	777	630
Unspecified Opioids	1,315	1,627	1,649	1,303	818
Cocaine	178	207	188	214	187
Other Psychostimulants	1,101	1,078	902	730	656
Benzodiazepines	1,131	1,096	748	725	675
Cannabis	333	334	306	475	598

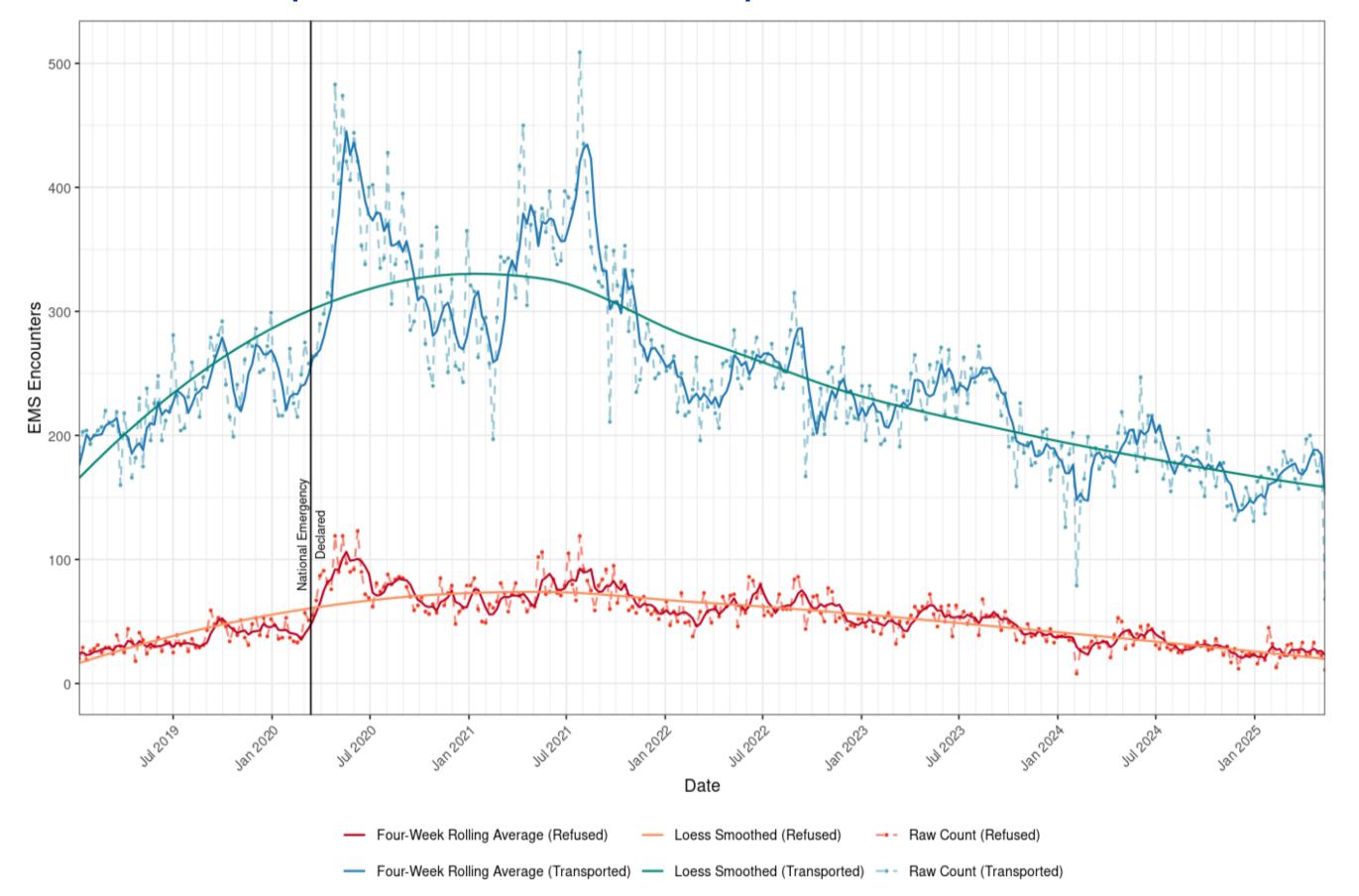
¹ The ICD-10 code for drug overdoses involving fentanyl was introduced on October 1, 2020. For this reason, annual counts of nonfatal drug overdoses involving fentanyl start in 2021. Produced by the Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center, as bona fide agent for the Kentucky Department for Public Health. Data sources: Kentucky Outpatient Services Database Files and Inpatient Hospitalization Claims Files, Office of Data and Analytics, Cabinet for Health and Family Services. Data extracted May 2025. Data are provisional and subject to change.







Emergency Medical Services Opioid Overdose Runs by Transport Outcome and Week, April 2019 to March 2025



The solid blue line represents the 4-week rolling average suspected opioid overdose encounters. Points and dashed lines represent raw counts.

The solid green line represents loess smoothing applied to the raw counts.

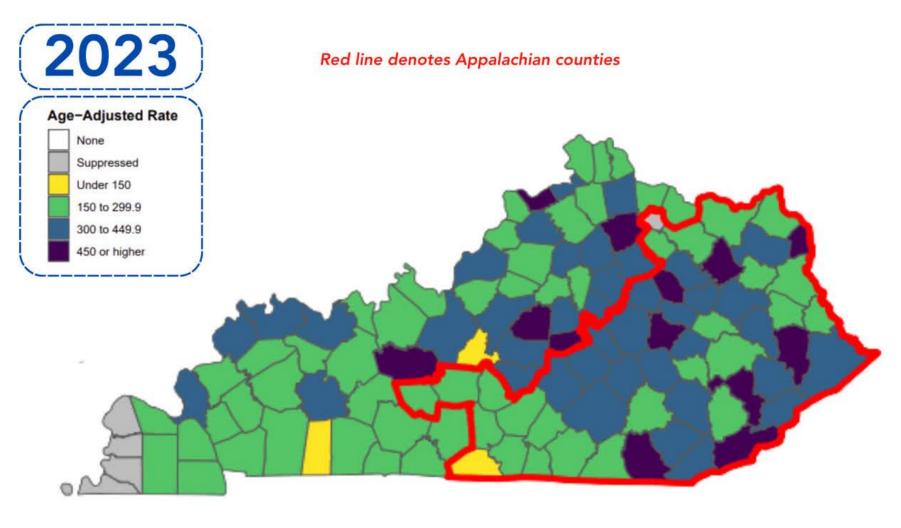
Produced by the Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center, as bona fide agent for the Kentucky Department for Public Health.
 Data source: Kentucky Emergency Medical Services Data, Kentucky Board of Emergency Medical Services. Data extracted May 27, 2025. Data are provisional and subject to change.

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Kentucky Nonfatal Drug Overdose



Age-adjusted Rates of Emergency Department Visits for Nonfatal Drug Overdose, by Kentucky County of Residence, 2020–2024



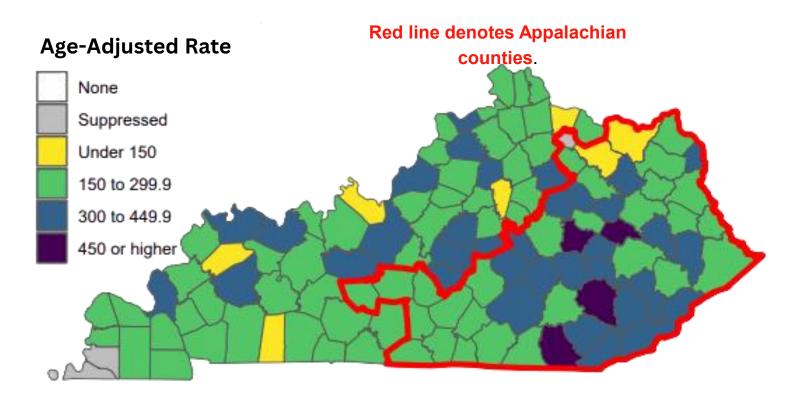
Rates are presented as the number of visits per 100,000 population. Produced by the Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center, as bona fide agent for the Kentucky Department for Public Health. Data sources: Kentucky Outpatient Services Database Files and Inpatient Hospitalization Claims Files, Office of Data and Analytics, Cabinet for Health and Family Services. Data extracted May 2025. Data are provisional and subject to change.







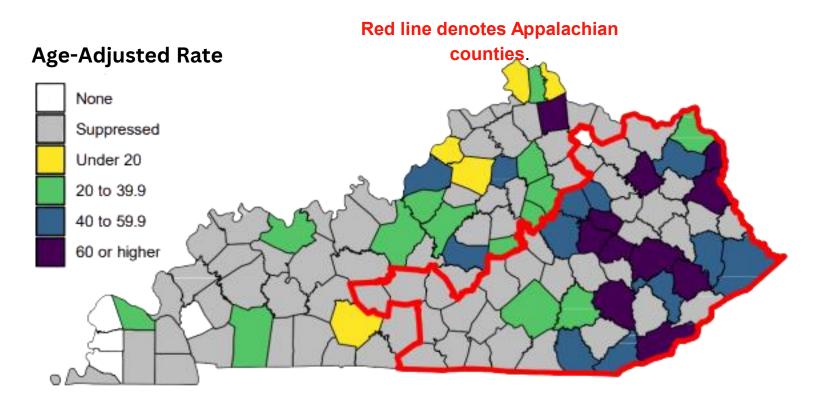
Age-adjusted Rates of Emergency Department Visits for Nonfatal Drug Overdose, by Kentucky County of Residence, 2024



Rates are presented as the number of visits per 100,000 population. Produced by the Kentucky Department for Public Health. Data sources: Kentucky Outpatient Services Database Files and Inpatient Hospitalization Claims Files, Office of Data and Analytics, Cabinet for Health and Family Services. Data extracted May 2025.

Data are provisional and subject to change.

Age-Adjusted Rates of Drug Overdose Deaths by Kentucky County of Residence, 2024

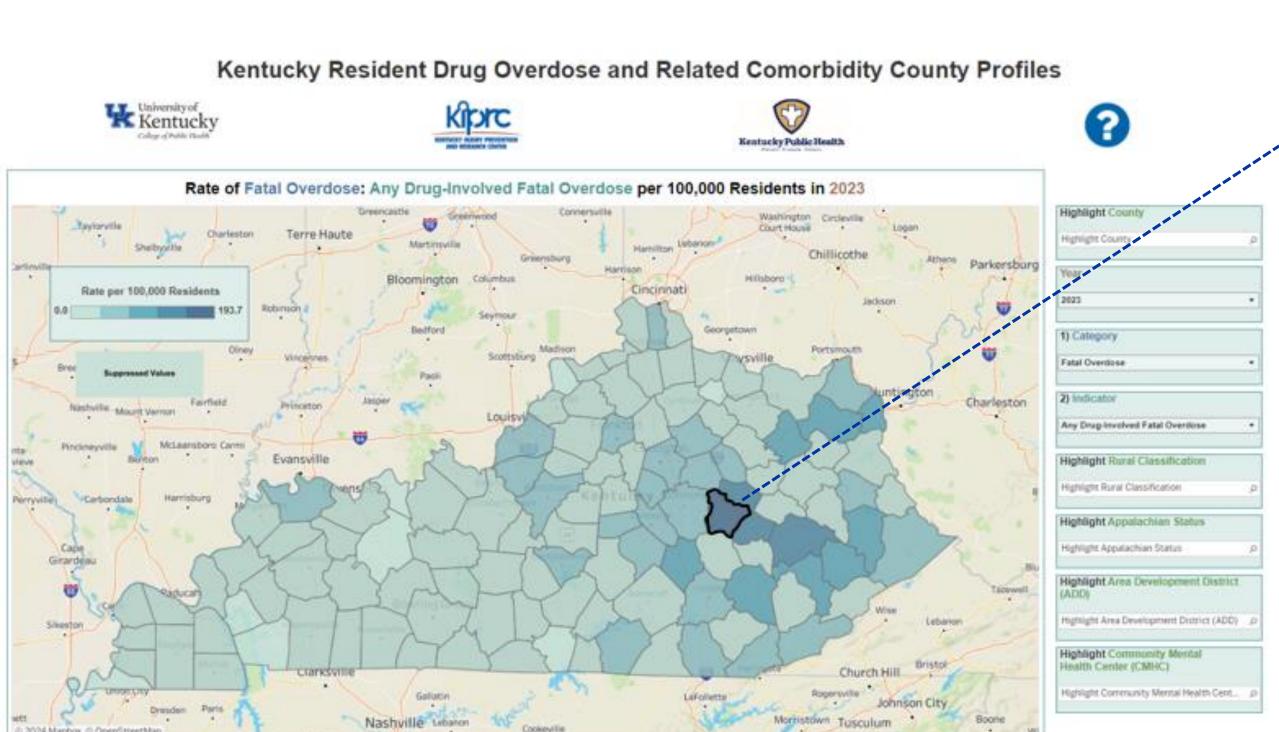


Rates are presented as the number of deaths per 100,000 population. Produced by the Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center, as bona fide agent for the Kentucky Department for Public Health. Data source: Kentucky Death Certificate Database, Kentucky Office of Vital Statistics, Cabinet for Health and Family Services.





KIPRC Drug Overdose 'County Profiles'

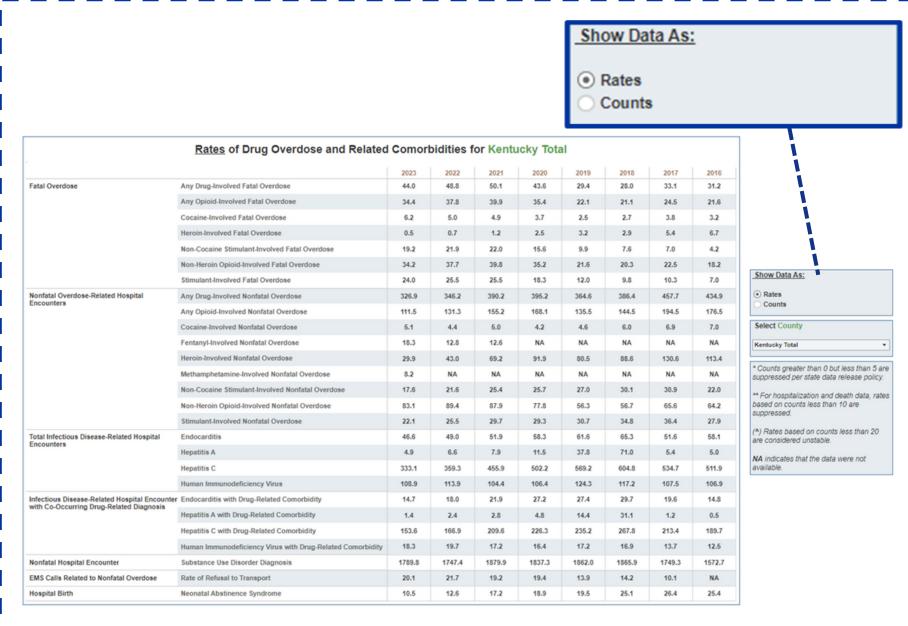




- Hover over tooltip
- Filter by year, category, and indicator
- County highlighters

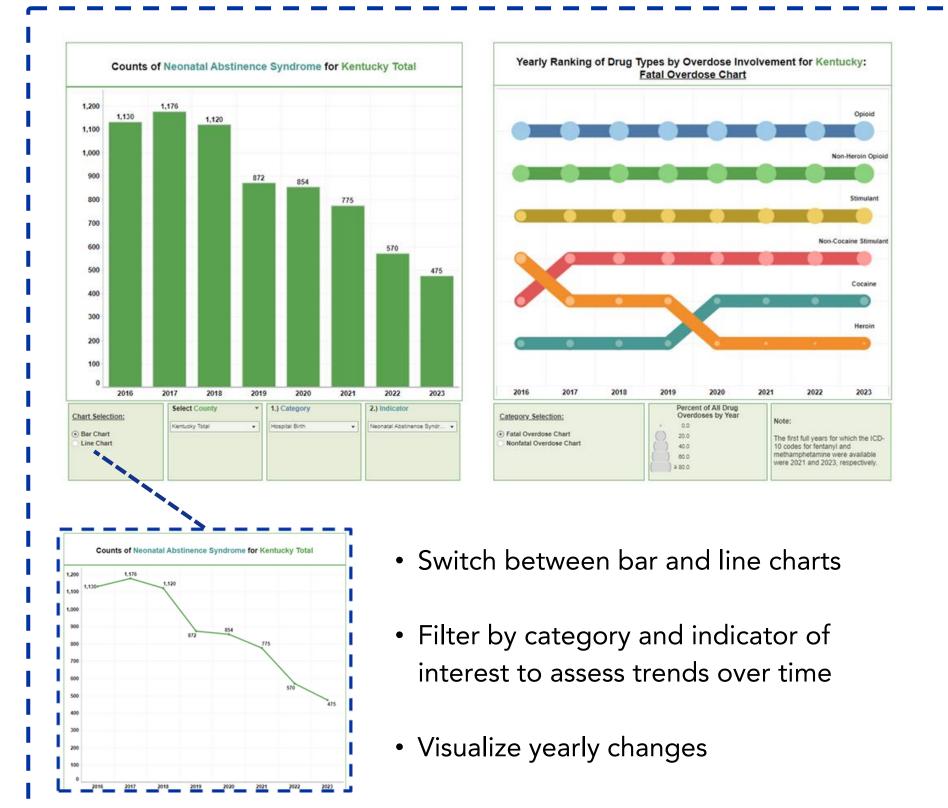






- Toggle between rates and counts
- Viewable at state and county level
- Downloadable as PDF, PowerPoint, or image





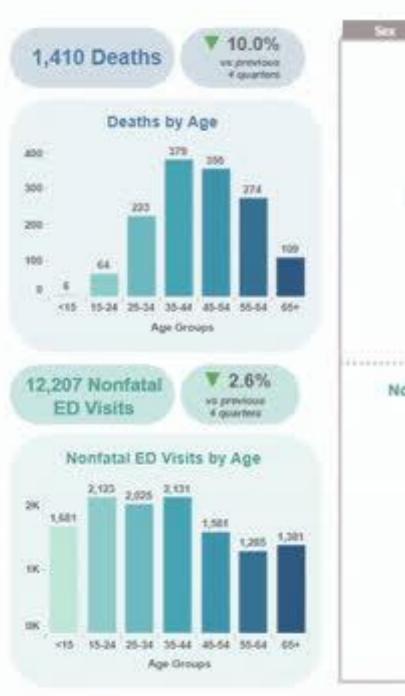


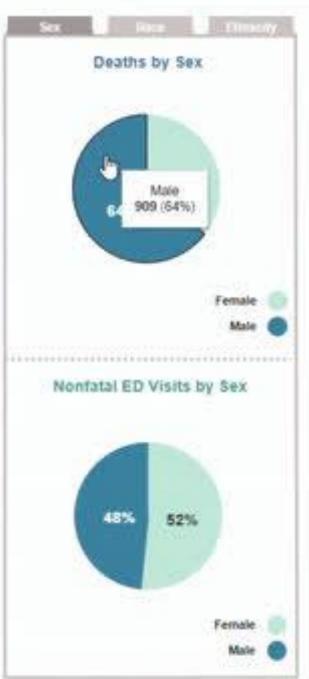


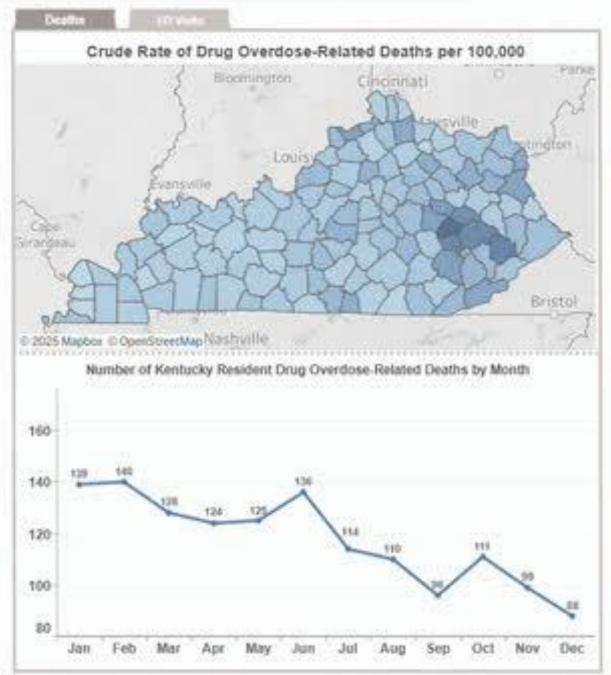
KIPRC Rolling Quarterly Dashboard

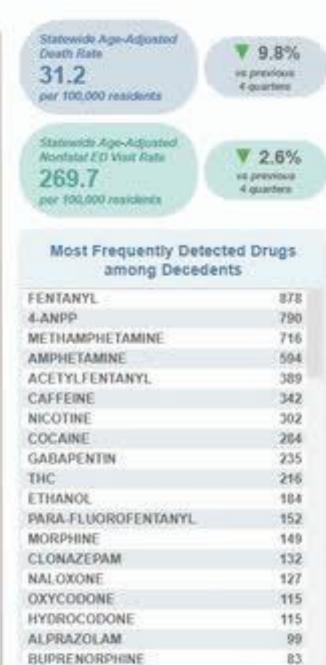
Kentucky Resident Drug Overdose Quarterly Dashboard

Rolling Four Quarters (Q1 2024 - Q4 2024)













Annual Dashboard



^{*} Per state data release policy, numbers less than five but greater than zero have been suppressed.

^{**} Rates calculated on numbers less than 10 have been suppressed.

^{*} Rates based on counts less than 20 are unstable and should be interpreted with caution.

Ad-Hoc Reporting





Table 1. Count of Cannabis-Related Emergency Department Visits among Kentucky Residents by Age Group, 2018–2024

	Vann	Age Group			
Any cannabis- related disorder	Year	<18	18-24	25	
	2018	857	3,314	13,47	
	2019	1,077	3,451	14,48	
	2020	905	3,617	14,79	
related disorder	2021	1,112	4,001	16,18	
	2022	1,368	4,000	16,16	
	2023	1,730	4,219	16,63	
	2024	1,687	4,173	16,94	
		A	ge Group		
	Year	<18	18-24	25-	
Cannabis	2018	53	114	40	
abuse,	2019	71	78	24	
dependence, and unspecified	2020	77	131	34	
use with	2021	111	100	28	
intoxication	2022	125	111	28	
	2023	199	137	43	
	2024	180	160	50	
		Age Group			
	Year	<18	18-24	25	
	2018	37	65	27	
	2019	42	84	22	
Cannabis poisoning	2020	41	74	21	
poisoning	2021	86	72	16	
	2022	89	42	13:	
	2023	148	58	20	
	2024	212	62	25	
		Age Group			
	Year	<18	18-24	25-	
	2018	0	0		
Synthetic	2019	0	0		
cannabis	2020	0	0		
poisoning	2021		•		
	2022	8	11	2	
	2023	17	8	3	
	2024	23	13	3	

*Counts greater than zero but less than five are suppressed in accordance with state data management policy. For some years, the second lowest count has been censored to protect a suppressed value.

Conclusions and Implications for Harm Reduction



- Overdose deaths and ED visits declined for the third year in a row.
- These declines are not even across all races, age groups, or regions.
- Continued surveillance is essential for identifying new patterns and adapting strategies quickly.
- Dashboards and reports help address community-level needs through timely targeted intervention strategies.
- Access to data enhances collaboration between public health, harm reduction, clinical care, and policy partners.







Produced by the Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center (KIPRC).

KIPRC, established in 1994, is a unique partnership between the Kentucky Department for Public Health (KDPH) and the University of Kentucky College of Public Health. KIPRC serves both as an academic injury prevention and research center and KDPH's "bona fide agent" for statewide injury prevention and control, focusing on injury prevention translation and practice.

For more information, visit https://kiprc.uky.edu







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